

To develop an appropriate technology & to find out better utilization of indigenous raw materials in the field of public health care. This Hand wash is rich, anti bacterial, luxurious and moisturizing hand cleanser. Hand wash leaves the skin with smooth, silky feeling while minimizing the irritation associated with

Process

A Process for the Production of Herbal Hand Wash

Office, Hospital and House Area

Uses Moisturizing hand cleanser



Herbal Hand Wash Scale of Development

The process is already under commercialization

Neem, Aloevera & sodium laurel sulphate Major Raw Material

some bar soaps.

Major Plant Equipment/Machinery S.S. Still container, mechanical stirrer and water bath.

Details of specific application

This product is mainly used for Office, Hospital and House.

Status of Development

This process is accepted by the BCSIR authority and it is already commercialized

Ecological/Environmental

Impact(if any, specify

briefly

Patenting details

This process is environment friendly and after commercialization

this product able to fulfill our national demand.

Patented filed in future.

Commercialization Status This process is already commercialized.

Techno-Economics Available on demand.

Cost of product 150 Tk/L

Key wards Neem, Aloevera & sodium laurel sulphate, Glycerin



Process

A Process for the Production of ALOE GEL

Area Men & Women

Uses As moisturizing skin care gel



The people of our country use different herbal cosmetics and toiletries for their daily health care, most of these are imported at the cost of our foreign exchange. Herbal plants constitute an invaluable asset of a country. They play significant role in providing primary health care services and also to its overall economy.

ALOE GEL
Scale of Development

The process is already under commercialization

Major Raw Material

Aloevera, Cellulose, Glycerin

Major Plant
Equipment/Machinery

Top load balance, Blender, SS Vat fitted with stirrer, Water bath

Details of specific application

This product is mainly used for Men & Women

Status of Development

This process is accepted by the BCSIR authority and it is already

commercialized.

Ecological/Environmental Impact(if any, specify briefly

This process is environment friendly and after commercialization

this product able to fulfill our national demand

Patenting details Patented filed in future

Commercialization Status This process is already commercialized

Techno-Economics Available on demand

Cost of product 135 Tk/ Kg

Key wards Aloevera, Cellulose, Glycerin



Process

A Process for the Production of Herbal Shaving Foam

Area Saloon & Parlor

Uses Antioxidant enriched Moisturizing Skin care Foam



To develop an appropriate technology & to find out better utilization of indigenous raw materials in the field of public health care. This Shaving Foam is rich ,anti bacterial, luxurious and moisturizing foam. Shaving Foam leaves the skin with smooth, silky feeling while minimizing the irritation associated with some local foam.

Herbal Shaving Foam Scale of Development

The process is standardized at industry scale

Major Raw Material Neem oil, Castor oil, sodium laurel sulphate

Major Plant S.S.Still Equipment/Machinery

S.S.Still container, mechanical stirrer, balance, feeling machine

This product is mainly used for Saloon & Parlor

Status of Development This process is accepted by the BCSIR authority and it is already

commercialized

Ecological/Environmental Impact(if any, specify briefly

Details of specific application

This process is environment friendly and this product able to fulfill our

national demand

Patenting details Patented filed in future

Commercialization Status Already commercialized

Techno-Economics Available on demand

Cost of product 120 Tk/Kg

Key wards Neem oil, Castor oil, sodium laurel sulphate



To develop an appropriate technology & to find out better utilization of indigenous raw materials in the field of public health care. This Neem Based Cream is rich ,anti bacterial, luxurious and moisturizing cream. Neem Based Cream leaves the skin with smooth, silky feeling while minimizing the irritation associated with

Process

A Process for the Production of Neem Based Cream

Area Men & Women

Uses Antibacterial skin care cream



Neem Based Cream

Scale of Development The process is already under commercialization

some local Cream

Major Raw Material Neem , Stearic acid, Cetyl alcohol and Glycerin

Major Plant
Equipment/Machinery
Details of specific application

This product is mainly used for Men & Women

Status of Development This process is accepted by the BCSIR authority and it is already

commercialized

Ecological/Environmental Impact(if any, specify briefly

This process is environment friendly and after commercialization this

SS Vat fitted with stirrer, balance, feeling machine & water bath.

product able to fulfill our national demand

Patenting details Patented filed in future

Commercialization Status Already commercialized

Techno-Economics Available on demand

Cost of product 200Tk/kg

Key wards Neem , Stearic acid, Cetyl alcohol and Glycerin



Process

A Process for the Production of Baby Liquid Laundry Detergent

Area

Baby Liquid Laundry Detergent is specialized for baby skins and sensitive

Baby Liquid Laundry Detergent is a laundry cleaning product which is specialized for baby skins and sensitive skins. Every parent want to give best to their babies and nowadays people became more cautious about their babies health. Baby Liquid Laundry Detergent is one of the most popular and demandable products among new parents. The kind of chemicals and irritants that can be found in the regular detergents are

skins

terrifying

Uses

Liquid detergent specialized for baby skin



Baby Liquid Laundry
Detergent
Scale of Development

The process is already under commercialization.

Major Raw Material

Coco Betain, glycerin etc

Major Plant

Equipment/Machinery

Details of specific application

S.S.Still container, mechanical stirrer and water bath

This product is mainly used for Baby Liquid Laundry Detergent is specialized for baby skins and sensitive skins

Status of Development

This process is accepted by the BCSIR authority and it is already

commercialized

Ecological/Environmental Impact(if any, specify briefly

This process is environment friendly and after commercialization this product able to fulfill our national demand

Patenting details Patent is already submitted

Commercialization Status This process is already commercialized

Techno-Economics Available on demand

Cost of product 125 Tk/Kg

Key wards Coco Betain, glycerin & EDTA



Process

Uses

Chemical Research Division BCSIR Laboratories, Dhaka

Formulation and development of ultrasound gel from ingredients available in local market.

Hospital and Clinic

Ultrasonography, ECG

1. There will be no need to import

- 2. Valuable foreign currency will be saved
- 3. Easily availability will increase its sufficient use
- 4. It will be helpful to diagnosis system

Area

Ultrasound gel Scale of Development

The process is standardized at banch scale

Major Raw Materials Acrylic polymer, glycerine

Major Plant Equipment/ Machinery S.S. Still container, mechanical stirrer and water bath

Details of Specific applicationThis product is mainly used for ultrasonography, FCG at

hospital and clinic

Status of Development This process is clinically tested and ready for submission

and it is ready for commercialization

Environmental Inpact This process is environment friendly and after

commercialization this product able to fulfill our national

demand

Patenting details Patented filed in future

Commercialized Status Ready for commercialization

Cost of Production 100 tk/kg

Key words Acrylic polymer, glycerine

A Process for the Production of Herbal Body Oil

Process

Area Baby Liquid Laundry Detergent is specialized for baby skins and

sensitive skins.

Uses For healthy looking skin.

Herbal Body oil is mainly intended for the purpose of skin care and Body messaging. Natural and aromatic range of Herbal body oils are used to gain a fresh feeling. Herbal Body Oils are made from natural oils and herbal extracts. It is aromatic and accentuates our senses. It has cleansing properties and antiseptic activities due to the

presence of Turmeric ad Neem



The process is standardized at bench scale. Vegetable oil, Turmeric extract, Neem oil etc.

Major Plant
Equipment/Machinery
Details of specific
application
Status of Development

Grinder, M.S. with all accessories, Mesh 40-80, Soxhlet extractor, Spring Balance and water bath.

Herbal Body Oil is mainly intended for the purpose of skin care and Body messaging.

acceptance.

Ecological/Environmental Impact(if any, specify

This process is environment friendly and after commercialization

This process is verified by the BCSIR authority and it is ready for

this product able to fulfill our national demand.

briefly

Patenting details Patented filed in future.

Commercialization Status This process is ready for acceptance.

_ . _ .

Techno-Economics Available on demand.

Key wards Vegetable oil, Turmeric extract, Neem oil etc.

Cost of product 440 Tk/ L

A Process for the Production of Herbal Face Wash **Process**

Men & Women Area

Clean, clear and healthy looking skin Uses



This Face wash is rich anti bacterial, luxurious and moisturizing Face cleanser. Face wash leaves the skin with smooth, silky feeling while minimizing the irritation associated with some bar soaps.

Scale of Development

Major Raw Material

Major Plant

Equipment/Machinery

Details of specific

application

Ready for submission for acceptance.

Aloevera & Neem Oil

Balance, Blender and water bath and Distilled water plant.

This process is a moisturizing Face cleanser due to its antibacterial activities is also keeps Face germ free and save the

people from diseases.

Status of Development

Ecological/Environmental Impact(if any, specify

briefly

Patenting details

Commercialization Status

Techno-Economics

Key wards

Cost of product

This process is already for Submission.

This process is environment friendly and after

commercialization this product able to fulfill our national

demand.

Patented filed in future.

Ready for submission for acceptance.

Available on demand. Aloevera & Neem Oil

150 Tk/ kg



Process

A process for the production of chitin from shrimp industry waste

Area Uses Pharmacy and Food

Chitin is useful for several medicinal, industrial and biotechnological purposes.



Picture: Chiti

Chitin was first isolated and characterized in 1811 by the chemist and botanist Henry Braconnot. Chitin is structurally 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-D-glucose (*N*-acetylglucosamine) residues linked by B-(1-4) bonds, is the second richest polysaccharide of animal origin found in nature after by its fibrous cellulose and it is characterized structure. Chitin is extracted from the shells of shrimp, lobster, and crabs. It is a fibrous substance that might block absorption of dietary fat and cholesterol

Scale of Development

The process is standardized at bench scale

Major Raw Material

Shrimp processing waste (Head, body, Tail), Sodium

hydroxide, Hydrochloric Acid

Major Plant Equipment/Machinery Details of specific application Status of Development S.S.Still container, mechanical stirrer and hot plate

Pharmaceutical industry and Biotechnology

This process is accepted by the BCSIR authority and it is ready for commercialization

Ecological/Environmental Impact(if any, specify briefly

This process is environment friendly and commercialization this product able to fulfill our national demand

Patenting details

Patented

Commercialization

Ready for commercialization

Status

Available on demand

Techno-Economics

Cost of Production

14000/Kg

Key wards

Chitin, Shrimp shell, Hydrochloric acid.



Process

Area Uses



Picture: Chitosan Powder.

Scale of Development

Major Raw Material

Major Plant Equipment/Machinery Details of specific application Status of Development

Ecological/Environmental Impact(if any, specify briefly

Patenting details

Commercialization Status

Techono-Economics

Cost of Production

Key wards

Chemical Research Division BCSIR Laboratories, Dhaka

Production of chitosan from shrimp shell waste

Food & Pharmaceutical Industry, ETP Agriculture, Food preservative, Drug delivery, Waste water treatment, Cosmetics etc

Chitosan is a cationic polysaccharide with linear chain consisting of $\beta\text{-}(1,4)\text{-linked }2\text{-acetamino-}2\text{-deoxy-}\beta\text{-D-glucopyranose}$ and 2-amino-2-deoxy- $\beta\text{-D-glucopyranose}$. It does not show any adverse effects when in contact with human cells and this property has attracted chemist's scientific attention to chitosan. The biological activities of chitosan make it promising agent in controlled drug delivery systems, which can control the release of drug for long period of time. Chitosan also has antimicrobial activity, woundhealing properties, and can decrease the level of cholesterol inhuman body

The process is standardized at bench scale.

Shrimp processing waste (Head, body, Tail), Sodium hydroxide, Hydrochloric Acid.

S.S.Still container, mechanical stirrer and hot plate.

Drug excipient, Preservative, water treatment.

This process is accepted by the BCSIR authority and it is ready for commercialization

This process is environment friendly and after commercialization this product able to fulfill our national demand

Patented

Ready for commercialization

Available on demand

20000/Kg

Chitin, Shrimp shell, Hydrochloric acid



Process

Preparation of chitosan-charcoal bio-composite for chromium removal

Area

Effluent Treatment Plant (ETP)

Uses

Waste water treatment/Water purification



chitosan-charcoal bio-composite Scale of Development applied as the media of biological filters to treat tannery wastewater. Biopolymer chitosan-charcoal composite have successfully prepared by a simple solutionevaporation method. The morphology and mechanical properties of the chitosan-charcoal composite have been characterized with scanning electron microscopy (SEM) and X-ray diffraction (XRD). The prepared chitosan-charcoal can remove chromium from tannery effluent more than 90% at optimum condition

A new composite biosorbent has been prepared by coating chitosan onto charcoal. Chitosan-charcoal composite has

The process is standardized at bench scale

Major Raw Material

Shrimp processing wastes (head, shell and tail), charcoal, hydrochloric acid, sodium hydroxide, oxalic acid etc

Major Plant Equipment/Machinery Details of specific application Status of Development S.S.Still container, mechanical stirrer and hot plate

Heavy metal removal

This process is accepted by the BCSIR authority and it is ready for commercialization

Ecological/Environmental Impact(if any, specify briefly

This process is environment friendly and after commercialization this product able to fulfill our national demand

Patenting details Commercialization Status

Ready for commercialization

Techono-Economics

Available on demand

Key wards

Chitosan, Charcoal

Cotton seed oil

Uses Crude cottonseed oil has been used in toiletries (e.g. Soaps, facial

wash, shampoo and lotions) industries.

Scale of Development The product is standardized at Bench scale.

Major Raw Materials Waste cotton seed.

Major Plant Equipment Distillation equipment, Heating mantle etc.

Specific Application

The main fatty acids found in crude cotton seed oil are palmitic

acid, stearic acid, linoleic acid, caprylic acid, elaidic acid.

Palmitic acid does display antioxidant properties. Also Palmitic

acid can be used as surface active agents

Caprylic acid is used in perfumary.

Stearic acid is mainly used in the production of detergents, soaps and cosmetics such as shampoos and shaving cream

products

Status of Development It is developed and tested.

Environmental impact Process is environment friendly.

Commercialization Status Ready for commercialization

Price (per Litre) 100/- (One hundred taka only)

Key words Waste cotton seed, to ilatries, distillation etc.

Inventor: Dr. Shahin Aziz

Research Associates:

Dr. Husna Parvin Nur Mrs. Katrun Nada Mrs. Kamrun Nahar





Process Production of Pectin from ripe mango peel

Area Food and Pharmaceuticals

Uses as gelling, thickening and stabilizing agent in processed food and

excipient in pharmaceuticals

Gelling agent, thickener and stabilizer



Ripe mango peel

Scale of Development Laboratory scale

Major Raw Materials Ripe Mango peel as wastes of mango processing industry,

Ethanol (95%).

Major Plant Equipment/ Machinery Drier, solvent distillation plant, grinder

Details of Specific applicationGelling agent in gam, gelly, marmalede etc. and excipient in

pharmaceuticals

Status of Development Product developed, analyzed and process ready to be leased out

Environmental InpactNot only environment friendly but also profitable as its raw

material is a wastes of mango processing industry and it could

be substitute of gelatin an animal tissue extract

Commercialized Status Pectin is being imported still but there is a bright future for

establishing this industry in our country

Cost of Production around TK. 2 crore for 30 M.T. production per year

Key words pectin, mango peel, gelling agent, thickener, stabilizer



Process Production of Pectin from ripe jackfruit waste

Area Food and Pharmaceuticals

Uses as gelling, thickening and stabilizing agent in processed food and

excipient in pharmaceuticals

Gelling agent, thickener and stabilizer



Ripe jackfruit waste

Scale of Development Laboratory scale

Major Raw Materials Ripe Jackfruit rind (waste), Ethanol (95%).

Major Plant Equipment/ Drier, solvent distillation plant, grinder

Machinery

Details of Specific applicationGelling agent in gam, gelly, marmalede etc. and excipient in

phamaceuticals

Status of Development Product developed, analyzed and process ready to be leased out

Environmental Inpact Not only environment friendly but also profitable as its raw

material is a wastes of mango processing industry and it could be

substitute of gelatin an animal tissue extract

Commercialized Status Pectin is being imported still but there is a bright future for

establishing this industry in our country

Cost of Production Around TK. 5.5 crore for 30 M.T. production per year

Key words pectin, jackfruit rind, gelling agent, thickener, stabilizer



Process

Production of Starch from ripe mango seed

Area

Food and Pharmaceuticals Industries and laboratory uses

Uses

As food additives and pharmaceutical excipients



Thickener and stabilizer

Ripe mango seed Scale of Development

Laboratory scale

Major Raw Materials

Ripe Mango seeds as wastes of mango processing industry

Major Plant Equipment/ Machinery Drier, solvent distillation plant, grinder

Machinery

Details of Specific application

- as thickening and stabilizing agent in foods such as puddings, custardsetc.
- in the manufacture of various adhesives or glues for book-binding, wallpaper adhesives.
- in the pharmaceutical industry, starch is also used as an excipient, as tablet disintegrant or as binder.

Status of Development

Product developed, analyzed and process ready to be leased out

Environmental Inpact

Not only environment friendly but also profitable as its raw material is a wastes of mango processing industry

Commercialized Status

Starch from discarded wastes of mango processing industries will obviously be profitable because we get valuable product with a very low cost

Cost of Production

Around TK. 34 lakh for 300 M.T. production per year

Key words

Starch, mango seed, thickener, stabilizer



Cholesterol balance, Lowers blood sugar, Reduce acne, Maintain

Process Production of oil from kernel of ripe mango

Area Cosmetic Industries

Uses useful in soap, shampoo, cream etc. manufacturing



Mango Seed Oil Scale of Development

Laboratory scale

Major Raw Materials Ripe Mango seeds as wastes of mango processing industry,

nHexane

Major Plant Equipment/ So

Machinery

Soxhlet apparatus, solvent distillation plant

healthy weight (Ref: Health Benefit times.com)

Details of Specific application As an active ingredient in soap, shampoo, cream etc.

manufacturing

Status of Development Product developed, analyzed and process ready to be leased out

Environmental Inpact Not only environment friendly but also profitable as its raw

material is a wastes of mango processing industry and it could be

substitute of mineral oil

Commercialized Status Mango kernel oil is being imported but there is a bright future for

establishing this industry in our country

Cost of Production around TK. 59 lakh for 30 M.T. production per year

Key words Mango kernel oil, cosmetic ingredient



Process

A Process for the Production of Anhydrous Aluminum Chloride from Scrap Aluminum

Area

Lewis acid, polymerization.

Uses

Friedel-Crafts reactions, isomerization, Production of detergents and ethylbenzene



Anhydrous Aluminum Chloride

Aluminium chloride (AlCl₃) is the main compound of aluminum and chlorine. It is white, but samples are often contaminated with iron trichloride, giving it a yellow colour. The solid has a low melting and boiling point. It is mainly produced and consumed in the production of aluminium metal, but large amounts are also used in other areas of chemical industry. The compound is often cited as a Lewis acid. It is an example of an inorganic compound that "cracks" at mild temperature, reversibly changing from a polymer to a monomer. AlCl₃ adopts three different structures, depending on the temperature and the state (solid, liquid, gas). Solid AlCl₃ is a sheet-like layered cubic close packed layer.

Scale of Development

The process is standardized at bench scale

Major Raw Material

Aluminium and Hydrochloric acid

Major Plant Equipment/Machinery

S.S. Still container, mechanical stirrer and hot plate

Details of specific application

This product is mainly used for Friedel–Crafts reactions, isomerization, Production of detergents and ethylbenzene

Status of Development

This process is accepted by the BCSIR authority and it is ready for $% \left\{ 1\right\} =\left\{ 1\right\}$

commercialization

Ecological/Environmental Impact(if any, specify briefly

This process is environment friendly and after commercialization this product able to fulfill our national demand

Patenting details

Patented filed in future

Commercialization Status

Ready for commercialization

Techno-Economics

Available on demand

Cost of Production (Tk.)

900.0/kg

Key wards

Aluminum, Hydrochloric acid, isomer, polymer, detergent



Process

Area

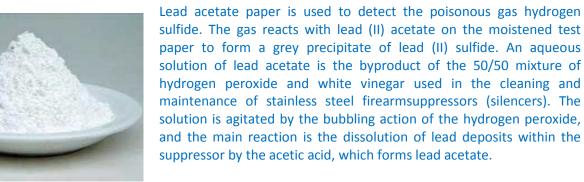
Uses

Chemical Research Division BCSIR Laboratories, Dhaka

A process for the production of Production of Lead Acetate from Lead Oxide

textile printing, dyeing, varnishesing

Lead acetate is used as a mordant in textile printing and dyeing, as a drier in paints and varnishes, and in preparing other lead compounds



Lead AcetateScale of Development

The process is standardized at bench scale

Major Raw Material Lead oxide and acetic acid

Major Plant Equipment/Machinery S.S. Still container, mechanical stirrer, hot plate, round bottom flask, heating mantel

Details of specific application

This product is mainly used as a mordant in textile printing and dyeing, as a drier in paints and varnishes, and in preparing other lead compounds

Status of Development This process is accepted by the BCSIR authority and it is ready for commercialization

Ecological/Environmental Impact(if any, specify briefly This process is environment friendly and after commercialization this product able to fulfill our national demand

Patenting details Patented filed in future

Commercialization Status Ready for commercialization

Techno-Economics Available on demand

Cost of Production (Tk.) 700.0/kg

Key wards Lead oxide, acetic acid, textile, dye, vernish



Process

A process for the production of phosphate based dry fire extinguishing agent

Area Extinguish the ABC type fire

Uses This product is used for Extinguish the ABC type fire



Dry Chemicals (phosphate based) today's most widely used type of fire extinguisher is the multipurpose dry chemical that is effective on Class A, B, and C fires. This agent also works by creating a barrier between the oxygen element and the fuel element on Class ABC fires.

Phosphate based fire extinguishing

Scale of Development This process is leased out by BCSIR authority

Major Raw Material Monoammonium phosphate and ammonium sulphate

Major Plant Equipment/Machinery

Details of specific application

Grinding machine, mixing machine, S.S. still container

Dry Chemical fire extinguishers (phosphate based) extinguish the fire primarily by interrupting the chemical reaction of the fire triangle. The multipurpose dry powder works by creating a barrier between the oxygen element and

the fuel element on Class A, B & C fires.

Status of Development This process is accepted by the BCSIR authority and leased out

Ecological/Environmental Impact(if any, specify

briefly

This process is environment friendly and after commercialization this product

able to fulfill our national demand

Patenting details Patented filed in future

Commercialization Status This process is leased out by BCSIR authority

Techono-Economics Available on demand

Cost of Production (Tk.) 150.0/kg

Key wards Phosphate, fire, extinguisher, dry chemical



Zinc acetate is used in chemical synthesis for different pharmaceutical products and as a dietary supplement and in lozenges used to treat the common cold. It along is thought to be a more effective treatment than zinc gluconate. Zinc acetate can also use to treat zinc deficiencies. As an oral daily supplements it is used to inhibit the body's absorption of copper as part of the treatment of Wilson's disease. It is also sold as an astringent in the form of an ointment, a topical lotion or combined with an antibiotic such as erythromycin for the topical treatment of acne, furthermore zinc acetate is

Process

A process for the production of Production of Zinc **Acetate from Zinc Oxide**

Area Zinc deficiencies, Antibiotic

Uses Zinc acetate is commonly used as a dietary supplement and in lozenges used to treat the common cold. Zinc acetate can also use to treat zinc deficiencies

and treatment of Wilson's disease.



Zinc Acetate Scale of Development

The process is standardized at bench scale

commonly sold as a topical anti-itchointment.

Zinc oxide and acetic acid Major Raw Material

Major Plant S.S.Still container, mechanical stirrer, hot plate, round bottom flask, heating mentel

Equipment/Machinery

Details of specific application This product is mainly used as a dietary supplement and in lozenges used to

treat the common cold. Zinc acetate can also use to treat zinc deficiencies and

treatment of Wilson's disease.

Status of Development This process is accepted by the BCSIR authority and it is ready for

commercialization

Ecological/Environmental This process is environment friendly and after commercialization this product

Impact(if any, specify briefly able to fulfill our national demand

Patented filed in future Patenting details

Commercialization Status Ready for commercialization

Techno-Economics Available on demand

Cost of Production (Tk.) 900.0/kg

Key wards Zinc oxide, acetic acid, dietary supplement, lozenges.



Process

A process for the production of carbonate based dry fire extinguishing agent

Area Extinguish the BC type fire

Uses This product is used for Extinguish the BC type fire

The state of the s

Dry Chemicals (carbonate based) are one of the most widely used type of fire extinguisher that are effective mainly on Class B and C fires. This agent works by evolving carbon-dioxide and eliminates oxygen from fire and replacing it with carbon dioxide.

Carbonate based fire extinguishing

Scale of Development This process is leased out by BCSIR authority

Major Raw Material Mainly fine powder of sodium bicarbonate (NaHCO₃, baking soda)

Major Plant
Equipment/Machinery

Grinding machine, mixing machine, S.S. still container

Details of specific application

Carbonate based dry fire extinguisher is most widely used to extinguish fires involving materials like oil, fats, solvents, gases, paint, varnish and live machinery

Status of Development

This process is accepted by the BCSIR authority and leased out

Ecological/Environmental Impact(if any, specify briefly

This process is environment friendly and after commercialization this product able to fulfill our national demand

Patenting details Patented filed in future

Commercialization Status This process is leased out by BCSIR authority

Techno-Economics Available on demand

Cost of Production (Tk.) 70.0/kg

Key wards Carbonate, fire, extinguisher, dry chemical



Plant Growth Regulator (PGR)



Major Raw materials:

Cytokinin, Indole-3-butyric acid, Gibberellic acid, Kinetin and others.

Uses:

- It is used as a plant growth regulator in vegetables, fruit trees and tissue cultures to promote seed germination and to end the domant state of lateral buds.
- →PGR aids in delaying the aging process of the plant, regulating the transport of nutrients, and promoting fruit formation.



Polymer Modified Bitumen

Major Raw Materials:

- ➤ General bitumen
- ➤ Natural polymer
- ➤ Polymeric antioxidants
- ➤ Organic solvents and others.



Uses:

Sustainable bituminous pavement construction suitable for Bangladesh.

Salient Features:

- Renewable resource & huge amount of plastic & rubber wastes will be used.
- ♣Import of 80-100 grade bitumen will be reduced by 5-8% & thus foreign currency will be saved.
- Road strength will be twice stronger than normal roads & life-cost of normal roads will be reduced by 20-25%.
- Large-scale industries will be established & thus employment will be generated.
- [♣]Clean & sustainable environment will be ensured.



Fibre and Polymer Research Division



Synthetic Rubber Adhesive

Major Raw materials:

Adhesive grade Synthetic Rubber, Organic Solvents, Hardener, Antioxidants, tackifier, filler, plasticizer, curing agent, vulcanizing agent and sequestering agent.

Uses:

As an Adhesive for Leather-based goods, especially for joining parts of shoe soles and uppers, leather bags, moneybags, parses, leather jackets, etc.

Physical State: Highly Viscous Liquid.

Demand: 20,000 MTs/Year.

Salient Features:

- → Very easy way for preparation of the solvent based adhesive involving simple stirring and mixing process.
- **★** It doesn't require any mastication process or equipment.
- Low-cost available solvents were used to make it cheaper.
- Antioxidant was used for making stable and long-lasting product.
- **↓** It is a product of very high adhesive bond strength.





Urea Formaldehyde Resin

Major Raw Materials:

Urea, Formaldehyde and others.

Uses:

- ♣ Urea-formaldehyde resin is used by the industries which deal with forest products (ex. hard wood, plywood, particle board etc.) for a variety of purposes.
- ♣ It is also used as adhesive, coating etc.





Water Soluble Curcumin Pigments

Major Raw materials: Turmeric, Food grade Solvent & Surfactant

Melting Point: 183°C

Appearance: Bright Yellow to Orange Powder or Solution in Water.

Uses:

- **♣**Drug formulation as active ingredient
- **♣**Color for Food, Drug and Cosmetic
- ♣ As an Anti-oxidant
- **♣** As a Chemotherapeutic Agent
- **★**As an Anti-inflammatory Agent



Salient Features:

- ✓ A simple process for the preparation of Food, Drug and Cosmetic grade water soluble curcumin pigments from turmeric powder.
- ✓ Water soluble curcumin pigment has great demand in local and international market.
- ✓ It has been prepared from locally available raw turmeric powder which will meet internal demand as well as will reduce import dependency.



Fibre and Polymer Research Division

Energy saving and low cost domestic oven Industrial Physics Division BCSIR Laboratories Dhaka

Product Name



Domestic Oven

Major Raw Materials Aluminum Sheet

Application Without any extra fuel system, you can make your choice of cakes,

biscuits, pudding, bread, bunny, patties, roasted and other delicious

meals, in a healthier way. Uses of it are very safe and durable.

Usage In the new condition, to remove the odor from the inside of the oven, put a

small amount of gas stove in the lid, and cover the lid for 2 hours and take 1 hour of heat for the lid. You can control the heat by observing the oven with triangular hole. Do not raise the oven as soon as the blaze rings around the burner. It has been found that under this condition the temperature of 350-450 degrees Fahrenheit (175-232 degrees Celsius) is

generated in the oven.

Advantages A gas oven gives you greater control over your cooking temperature.

Warm-up time is less with gas. Once you turn off the oven, cooking stops almost immediately. The instant on-off feature with gas cooking gives you complete freedom in good cooking. With electricity you need to allow some time for the oven to cool down. Some dishes may be affected by the prolonged high temperatures. Natural gas also cooks food more evenly

than electricity. Gas ovens will give you better results in cooking.

Patent Details Bangladesh Patent No. 1002228(1989)

Commercialization Status Ready for Commercialization

Precaution To make any type of food it is necessary to keep the ignition of the stove

gentle. If heat becomes high the food can be burnt and the oven is likely to be damaged. The oven lid should not be open until the food is ready. Use handle cloth while holding hot hen. Clean the inside of the oven

sometimes.

Techno-Economics Available on demand

Ecological/Environmental It has no adverse effect on the environment

Impact

Keywords Domestic, Food, Natural

BCSIR Laboratories, Dhaka Pulp and Paper Research Division (PPRD)

1. Production of Conductive paper for electronics packaging

Process	Conductive paper for electronics packaging
Area	Electronics packaging
Uses	Packaging for electronics, circuit board
Salient Features	 Prohibition of bacterial growth Protect from Dust particle
Scale of Development	Laboratory scale
Major Raw Materials	pulp
Major Plant Equipment/ Machinery	Polymerization tank, papermachine
Details of Specific application	Packaging for electronics, circuit board
Status of Development	Conductive Sheet formed and tested
Ecological/Environmental impact (If any, specify briefly)	No adverse impact on ecology or environment
Patenting details	Not applied
Commercialization status	Ready for commercialization
Techno-Economics	Available in demand
Key words	Conductive paper, electric packaging

2. Production of Activated Carbon

Process	Activated Carbon
Area	Adsorbent
Uses	Purification of Water, Cosmetics, medicine, gas purification, air filtration for mask
Salient Features	 Treatment of water Treatment of sewage Use in different cosmetics (lipstick, cleanser) Use in medicine
Scale of Development	Laboratory scale
Major Raw Materials	Pulp mill wastes liquor
Major Plant Equipment/ Machinery	Furnace, Chemical reactor
Details of Specific application	Purification of Water, Cosmetics, medicine, gas purification, air filtration for mask
Status of Development	Activated Carbon Prepared and tested
Ecological/Environmental impact (If any, specify briefly)	Prevent surface water pollution as used the pulp mill waste liquor for active carbon preparation. Make fresh and bad smell free environment
Patenting details	Not applied
Commercialization status	Ready for commercialization
Techno-Economics	Available in demand
Key words	Pulp mill liquor, lignin, Active Carbon

3. Preparation of lignin based Resin

Process	Production of Resin from lignin (phenol formaldehyde)
Area	Plywood adhesives
Uses	Used as adhesives in plywood and particle board
Salient Features	Used as a glue for the preparation of plywood particle board
Scale of Development	Laboratory scale
Major Raw Materials	Lignin, Phenol and Formaldehyde
Major Plant Equipment/ Machinery	Reactor
Details of Specific application	Used as a glue for the preparation of plywood and particle board
Status of Development	Lignin extracted from different biomass and 50% phenol substituted by lignin and resin prepared
Patenting details	Not applied
Commercialization status	Ready for commercialization
Techno-Economics	Available in demand
Key words	Lignin, resin, plywood, additives, particle board

4. Preparation of Rayon grade pulp

Process	Rayon grade pulp from lignocelluloses
Area	Rayon
Uses	Production of rayon and different chemicals
Salient Features	Preparation rayonchemicalsdrug excipient
Scale of Development	Laboratory scale
Major Raw Materials	Biomass, Lignocelluloses
Major Plant Equipment/ Machinery	Digester, screener
Details of Specific application	Preparation rayon, biofuel, biochemicals and biomaterial
Status of Development	Rayon grade pulp produced
Patenting details	applied
Commercialization status	Ready for commercialization
Techno-Economics	Available in demand
Key words	Biomass, dissolving pulp, rayon

Digital Water Bath

Uses To incubate samples in water at a constant temperature

over a long period of time.

Provide greater temperature uniformity, control and Features stability. Working temperature range from Room

Temperature to 100 °C

Four holes.

🖶 Heater: 2 kW

Capacity: 8 liters

Scale of Development The product is standardized at Bench scale.

Major Raw Materials Stainless steel sheet, Thermocouple, IC, Relay, Heater

etc.

Major Plant Equipment Lathe machine, Sheet cutter, Circuit board plotter.

Specific Application Typically used during incubation in microbiological laboratory work.

Warming Reagents/ Routine Laboratory applications

Bacteriological Examinations

Cell cultivation

Status of Development It is developed and tested.

Environmental impact Process is environment friendly.

Commercialization Ready for commercialization

Status

Price (per Unit)

45,000/- (Forty five thousand taka only)

Key words Water bath, temperature, heater, sample



Pharmaceutical Sciences Research Division BCSIR Laboratories, Dhaka

Fruit-flavoured Salt for Gastric comfort

Process	: A process for production of fruit-flavoured salt which relieves discomforts due to food intake.
Area	: Gastric comfort, Relieves acidity.
Uses	: The granules according to the invention are especially advantageous in relieving gastric acidity instantly occurring due to food intake.
Salient Features	: The stomach naturally secretes acid that is essential to prevent bacterial growth and also to aid digestion of foods. When there is excess production of acid by the gastric glands of the stomach, it results in the condition known as acidity. Excessive acid in stomach may result from eating habits, fad diets, stress, smoking and alcohol consumption, lack of physical activity, irregularity in eating pattern etc. This may cause several discomforting situation like burning in the stomach and throat, restlessness, belching, nausea, sour taste, indigestion, constipation etc. The action of the acid neutralizing food supplements basically results in the increase of the stomach pH. Due to this increase in the pH value the symptoms typical of hyperacidity are reduced or even eliminated.
Scale of Development	: The process is standardized at bench scale.
Major Raw Materials	: Sodium Bicarbonate, Citric Acid, Tartaric Acid, Aspartame, Food Grade Color, Food Grade Essence.
Major Plant	: Dryer, pH meter, Weighing machine, Moisture analyser.
Equipment/Machinery Details of Specific	. The main chiest of the invention is to find out a suitable offenuescent
Application	: The main object of the invention is to find out a suitable effervescent food supplement which can relieve the symptoms of occasional gastric acidity defined herein as sour stomach, upset stomach, acid indigestion, belching, abdominal pain, heartburn, bloating, gas etc. with a pleasant taste on ingestion.
Status of Development	: The product has been developed and leased out to the local entrepreneur "M/S Grand Consumer" of Pabna.
Ecological/Environmental Impact	: The developed process is environment friendly. All raw materials used in the process are nontoxic. None of the consumables or procedures has adverse impact on ecology or environment.
Commercialisation Status	: Leased out to M/S Grand Consumer, Village: Fakirpoor, Post office: Malanchi, Upazila: Pabna Sadar, District: Pabna.
Price	10/- per 5 gram
Key words	: Fruit-flavoured salt, Gastric comfort, Food intake.